

FINAL EXAM STUDY GUIDE

MIN201

Foundations and Principles of Ministry I

- 1) Many are _____ but few are chosen
- 2) We are to abide in the _____ that God has for us.
- 3) These shall make war with the Lamb, and the Lamb shall overcome them...and they that are with him are _____, _____, and faithful.
- 4) The command to go into all the world to preach the gospel is known as the _____
- 5) To teach all nations literally means to _____ all nations or to make _____ of them.
- 6) He that does not _____ his cross and _____ after me cannot be my disciple.
- 7) _____ was the son of Zadok who wanted to run with a message before he was ready; when he got to his destination he had no idea what the message was.
- 8) _____ was the ordained runner who went with a true message.
- 9) Though heirs of God, we are to be under _____ and _____ until the time appointed of the Father (Gal. 4:1).
- 10) Name four practical way one can prepare himself for the ministry.
- 11) Whosoever therefore shall _____ himself as a little child, the same is greatest in the kingdom of heaven.
- 12) Name four positive attributes of children that would be the same attributes necessary to enter the kingdom of heaven.
- 13) He that humbleth himself shall be _____.
- 14) _____ is being full of unwarranted pride.
- 15) _____ is having an exaggerated opinion of oneself.
- 16) _____ is self-confidence in an aggressive way.
- 17) _____ is pride with self and disdain for others.
- 18) "If my people who are called by my name shall _____ themselves, _____, and _____, and _____; then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sin, and will heal their land" (II Chrn. 7:14)
- 19) _____ and humility go hand in hand.
- 20) The Greek word for _____ is "diakoneo," which literally means "to be an attendant, to wait upon."
- 21) _____ implies continued, steadfast adherence to a person or thing to which one is bound by an oath, duty, or obligation.
- 22) _____ implies undeviating allegiance to a person, cause, institution which one feels morally bound to support or defend.
- 23) _____ suggests freedom from fickleness in affections or loyalties.
- 24) He that is faithful in that which is least is _____.
- 25) Name two attributes of the Old Covenant which contrast two attributes of the New Covenant.
- 26) Where the spirit of the Lord is there is _____.
- 27) _____ represents the spirit of revelation and enlightenment.

- 28) “But we all, with open face beholding as in a glass the _____ of the Lord, are changed into the same image from _____ to _____, even as by the Spirit of the Lord” (II Cor. 3:18).
- 29) What does it mean when we say that God is “immutable?”
- 30) Jesus brought us a revelation of the nature of God in the concept of _____.
- 31) Name three attributes of God.
- 32) God does not _____; He is _____; and _____ is the fulfillment of the law.
- 33) What is the significance of knowing the name of the Lord?
- 34) Identify at least three names of God.
- 35) God revealed himself to Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob as El Shaddai, but he revealed Himself to Moses as _____.
- 36) Jehovah-rophe (or raphe) means the Lord our _____.
- 37) God’s name denotes a particular characteristic of His _____.
- 38) The name _____ depicts God as the creator.
- 39) The name _____ means the God of plenty or the God of more than enough; a God of nourishment.
- 40) _____ means the Most High God; the God of heaven and earth; the God of all the earth.
- 41) “I will set him on high because he hath known my _____.
- 42) Name the five-fold ministry.
- 43) The church is build upon the foundation of the _____ and _____, with Jesus being the chief cornerstone.
- 44) An _____ is “one who is sent.”
- 45) The ministry of a prophet can be three-fold. It can be predictive, _____, or _____.
- 46) The ministry of a(n) _____ is “one who feeds, tends a flock, or keeps sheep.”
- 47) The ministry of healing the sick and casting out devils is usually associated with the ministry of the _____.
- 48) The ministry of the _____ grounds people in the truth of God.
- 49) God has chosen the foolishness of _____ to save them that believe.
- 50) Paul said, “And my speech and my preaching was not with enticing words of man’s wisdom but in demonstration of _____ and of _____.
- 51) The Holy _____ was the standard to determine whether a book became a part of Holy Scripture.
- 52) The _____ is the Greek translation of the Hebrew Bible.
- 53) The _____ is the Latin translation of the Hebrew Bible.
- 54) Name two significant men who risk their lives to have the Bible translated into the language of the common people.
- 55) The _____ Bible was the first to be printed with movable type, and this made the Word of God more accessible to the common man.
- 56) The _____ version of the Bible has been the most popular English version of the Bible ever.
- 57) Name two modern English versions of the Bible.
- 58) “All scripture is given by the _____ of God and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness.”

- 59) _____ and _____ are generally thought as proofs of the inspiration of the Bible.
- 60) The “Apocrypha” means _____ and never had a place in the Hebrew Canon.
- 61) Why were the 400 years between Malachi and the Gospels called the “silent years?”
- 62) Give three reasons the Apocrypha was rejected as a part of the Holy Canon.
- 63) God’s Word is His _____ to man.
- 64) The _____ is thought of as the general word of God, while the _____ is considered to be personalized and quickened.
- 65) The parable of the seed that was sown had four types of soil. What were they, and what was the result of each?
- 66) Jesus came to destroy the _____ of the devil.
- 67) Jesus came that we might have life and life more abundantly. Life is eternal life, which begins now and continues through eternity. Abundant life refers to life _____, which is synonymous with the Kingdom of God.
- 68) It is God’s will that we _____, be in good health, even as our _____ prospers.
- 69) God _____ all our iniquities and _____ all our diseases.
- 70) He that will love _____ and see good _____ must refrain his tongue from speaking evil.
- 71) Spiritual death is _____; physical death is _____.
- 72) God’s plan of redemption is three-fold; _____, _____, and _____.
- 73) The first part of man to be redeemed is the _____; the last is the _____.
- 74) _____ means to “buy back.”
- 75) _____ was the only one to qualify as our redeemer because of His identification with God and with _____.
- 76) “Gospel” is the English word used to translate the Greek word for “_____.”
- 77) “For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God unto _____ to every one that believes.”
- 78) “The Spirit of the Lord is upon me to preach _____; to set at liberty those who are bound.”
- 79) To preach the “acceptable year of the Lord” is to preach the year of _____; to set captive spirits free.
- 80) “After John was put in prison, Jesus came into Galilee, preaching the gospel of _____.”
- 81) The Kingdom of God is not meat or drink, but _____, _____, and _____ in the Holy Ghost.
- 82) Jesus’ ministry was characterized by _____ and _____.
- 83) A house _____ cannot stand.
- 84) “But if I cast out devils by the Spirit of God, then _____.”
- 85) “_____” is an abstract noun denoting sovereignty, royal power, and dominion.
- 86) Thy kingdom come, thy will be done _____.
- 87) The Kingdom of God represents the righteous _____ of God in the earth.

- 88) The “scepter” of God’s kingdom is a “scepter” of _____.
- 89) The Kingdom of God is a sphere of _____ possibility.
- 90) The Kingdom of God is synonymous with the Kingdom of _____.